

SCIENCE POLICY FEBRUARY 2020

INTRODUCTION

Purpose

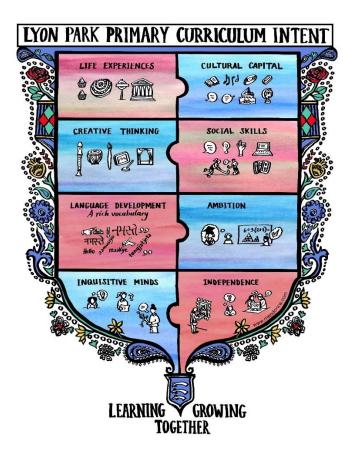
The purpose of this policy is to describe our practice in science and the principles upon which we follow.

<u>Aims</u>

Our learning in science enables our pupils to:

- Develop their natural curiosity and allow them to ask questions and develop the skills they need to answer those questions.
- Build key knowledge and understanding of concepts through exploring and investigating the world around them
- Develop the skills needed to plan, carry out investigations, interpret data and make predictions
- Use scientific language and vocabulary accurately

INTENT



Life Experiences

- Using the local environment
- Exploring how science impacts on our everyday
- Use their prior knowledge and experiences to further learning

Cultural Capital

- Learning from first hand experiences
- Educational visits to enrich learning
- Broadening children's understanding of how science is integrated in every aspect of life
- Widening outreach to include parents and community

Creative Thinking

- Teach children how to pose questions
- Plan enquiries to answer questions
- Show varied ways to solve problems

Social Skills

- Paired and group learning
- Discussing and debating
- Building presentation skills

Language Development; a rich vocabulary

- Working walls to display scientific vocabulary
- Model sentence structures to support explanations
- Correct use of scientific vocabulary taught and modelled

Ambition

- Raise awareness of STEM careers
- Elevate scientists of different minority group
- Explore the history and development of science

Inquisitive Minds

- Provide stimulating experiences to spark curiosity
- Use KWL grids to promote curiosity amongst the subject
- Predict, infer and analyse data

Independence

- Using and transferring skills
- Planning and carrying out investigations
- To know where to look for help when needed
- To work collaboratively with others

IMPLEMENTATION

Roles and responsibilities

Governors:

- Be aware of developments in the subject
- To have a role in monitoring teaching and learning
- To be an impartial critical observer within the subject

Senior Leadership Team:

- To create an aspirational vision for science
- To provide strategy to the middle leaders
- To challenge and support middle leaders in their role
- To engage in monitoring activities

Middle Leader:

- To establish high quality teaching and learning of science
- To be the model of high quality teaching
- To raise the profile of the subject across the school
- To identify and support members of staff who need further development
- Ensure policies are being followed
- To monitor standards of teaching and learning
- To monitor and evaluate progress and attainment
- To manage resources effectively

Teachers:

- To follow policy and guidance outlined by middle leaders
- To ensure the subject is taught effectively and the content is covered as outlined in the National Curriculum
- To plan effectively using the Snap Science toolkit
- To promote the use of scientific vocabulary through working walls and flipcharts
- To develop own subject knowledge where needed

Support Staff:

- To develop own subject knowledge where needed
- To model the use of scientific vocabulary
- To challenge and support pupils thinking and ideas

Pupils:

- To take an active part in every lesson
- To show curiosity and interest
- Ask questions and challenge thinking
- Present their learning with pride

Parents/Carers:

- Talk to their children about what they have been learning and share their own knowledge on the subject
- Engage in home learning activities
- Explain every day scientific phenomena as potential experiences arise
- Attend school events

Aspects

Equal opportunities:

- All pupils, regardless of age, gender, race, religion, SEND and background have the right to access the curriculum.
- Adjustments must be made to ensure pupils with SEND can access the curriculum.

Health and safety:

- Pupils must be made aware of safety issues and, where appropriate, the reasons behind them.
- Staff must assess potential risks and seek advice from middle or senior leaders if unsure.
- The Association of Science Education publication Be Safe 4th Edition: Health & Safety in School Science &
 Technology for Teachers of 3-12 Year Olds is held by middle leaders and should be used as a point of reference
 for issues regarding health and safety.
- Guidance can also be found at www.cleapss.org.uk
- Additional information can be found in the health and safety policy.

Safeguarding: Please see the Safeguarding policy.

Planning:

- Topics are taught in the order outlined in the curriculum overview.
- The Snap Science toolkit must be used to plan lessons. Snap Science is not a scheme and therefore needs to be adapted to meet the needs of pupils.
- Teachers must identify the most appropriate teaching strategy to suit particular learning.
- All lessons for one topic are to be planned on one flipchart using Activ software.
- Flipcharts must include the following:
 - Learning intention(s)
 - -Success criteria
 - -Key vocabulary
 - -Key questions
 - -Visuals e.g. pictures, photos, diagrams etc.
 - -Differentiated tasks / challenges
 - -Lessons must have three parts; Explore, Enquire and Reflect and Review

Teaching:

- Pupils must acquire a solid knowledge and understanding of concepts and skills that build on previous learning.
 Pupils must have opportunities to apply these.
- 'Working scientifically' specifies the understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science for each year group. It should not be taught as a separate strand but must be incorporated into each lesson. Scientific enquiry should include: exploring, observing over time, pattern seeking, identifying and grouping, comparative and fair testing and researching using secondary sources.
- Pupils must have 'first hand' practical experiences where possible to enrich learning.
- Teaching must take into account a range of learning styles.

Organisation:

- Lesson time per week: KS1 2 x 45 minutes KS2 2x 60 minutes.
- To reduce demand on practical resources, classes in year groups may choose to teach science on different days.
- Resources are stored in The Tower.

Homework / Wider learning:

Home learning with be set when appropriate.

Resources:

• Science is a resource heavy subject and therefore it is essential that all members of staff work together to maintain resources which include; equipment, materials, consumables and books.

- Resources are stored in the tower. These must be returned by a member of staff, once they are no longer needed
- Teachers must inform middle leaders when consumables are running low.
- If a particular resources, that the school does not stock, is required for teaching, middle leaders must be informed six weeks in advance.
- Pupils need to be taught how to use equipment safely and correctly.

IMPACT

Assessment:

- Assessment for learning must be built into each lesson.
- SNAP Science lessons have an Evidence of Learning section that can support teachers in making formative assessments.

Monitoring and evaluation:

- Monitoring exercises which will aid the evaluation of teaching and learning in science will include:
 - Book scrutiny
 - -Planning scrutiny
 - Lesson observation
 - -Learning walks
 - -Working wall check
 - Pupil voice

APPENDICES

Science programmes of study: key stages 1 and 2

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/425618/PRIMARY_national_curriculum - Science.pdf